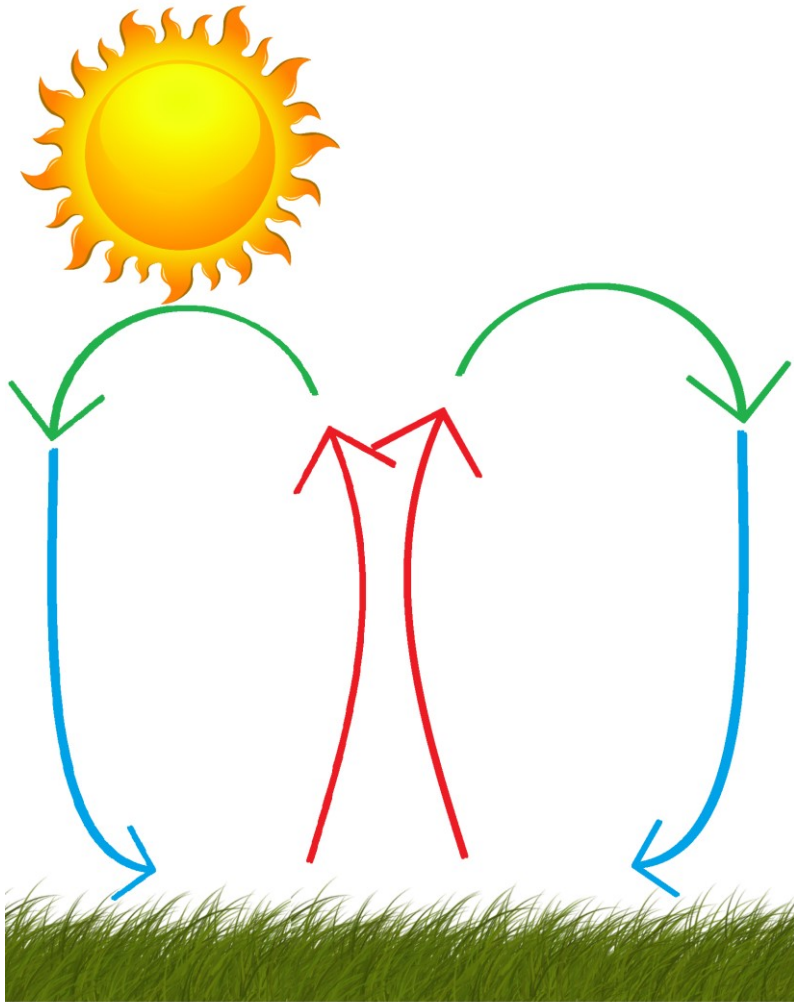
A photograph of a two-lane road curving into the distance, shrouded in a thick layer of fog. On the left side of the road, there are several utility poles with power lines stretching into the distance. Bare trees are visible in the background, their forms softened by the mist. The overall atmosphere is quiet and somewhat somber due to the low visibility.

Studying the *Atmospheric Boundary Layer* Using Basilisk

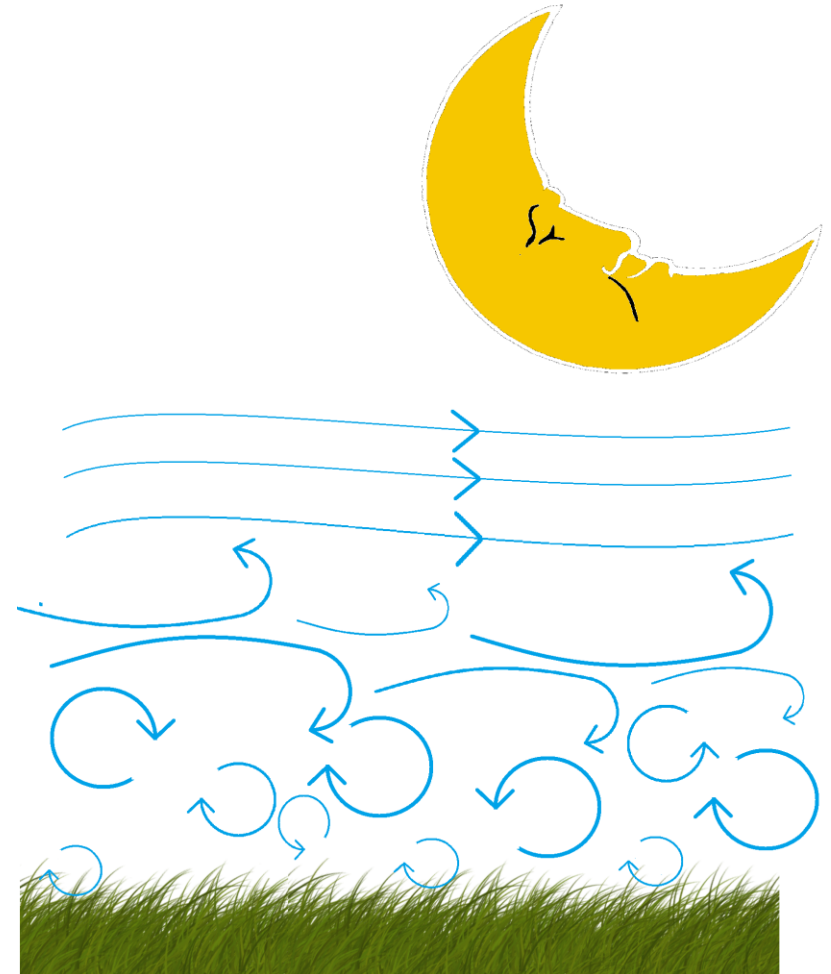
Antoon van Hooft,

Stéphane Popinet, Chiel van Heerwaarden,
Steven van der Linden, Stefan de Roode,
Bas van de Wiel

The Atmospheric Boundary Layer

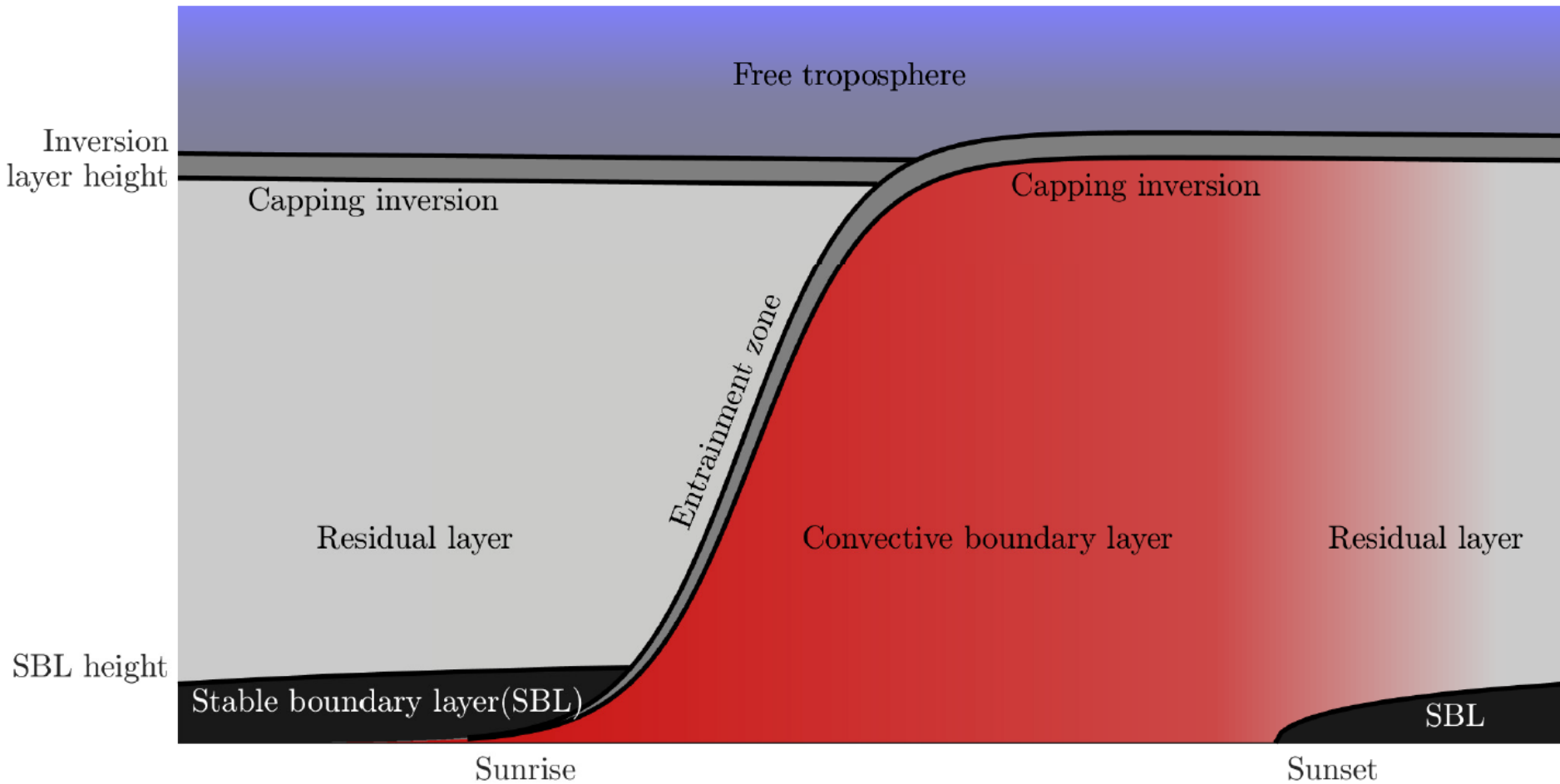


Daytime boundary layer



Nighttime boundary layer

The Diurnal Cycle

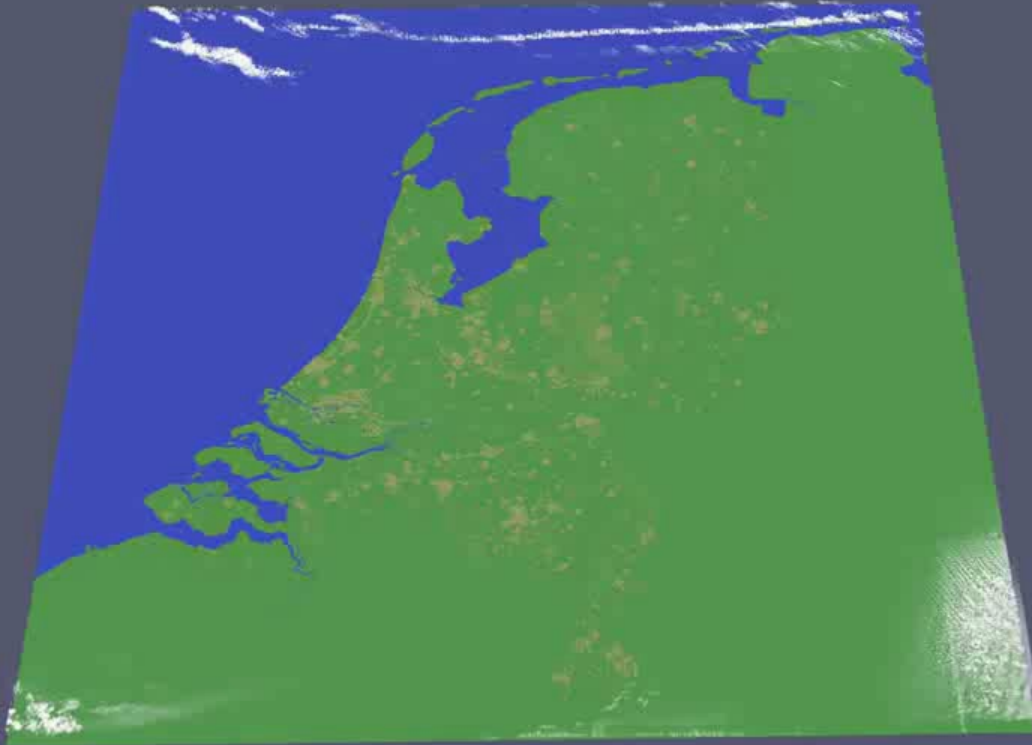


Adapted from the book of Stull (1988), as presented in Van Hooft et al. (2017)



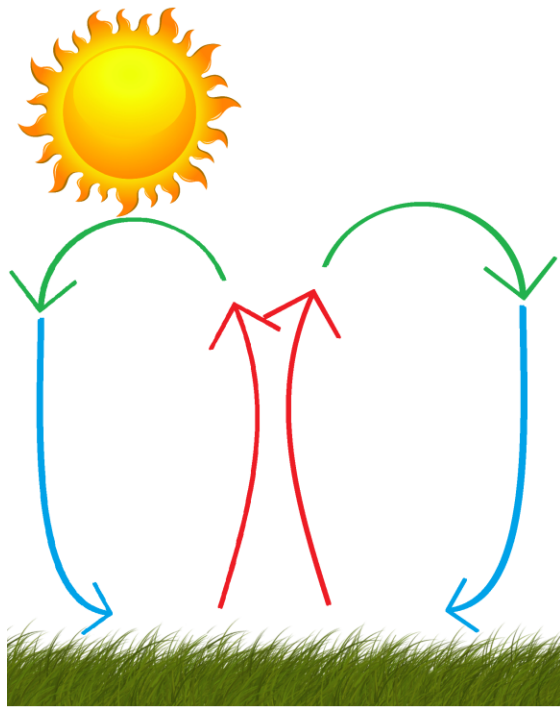
Turbulence resolving models

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0vorZ2_Jr1g

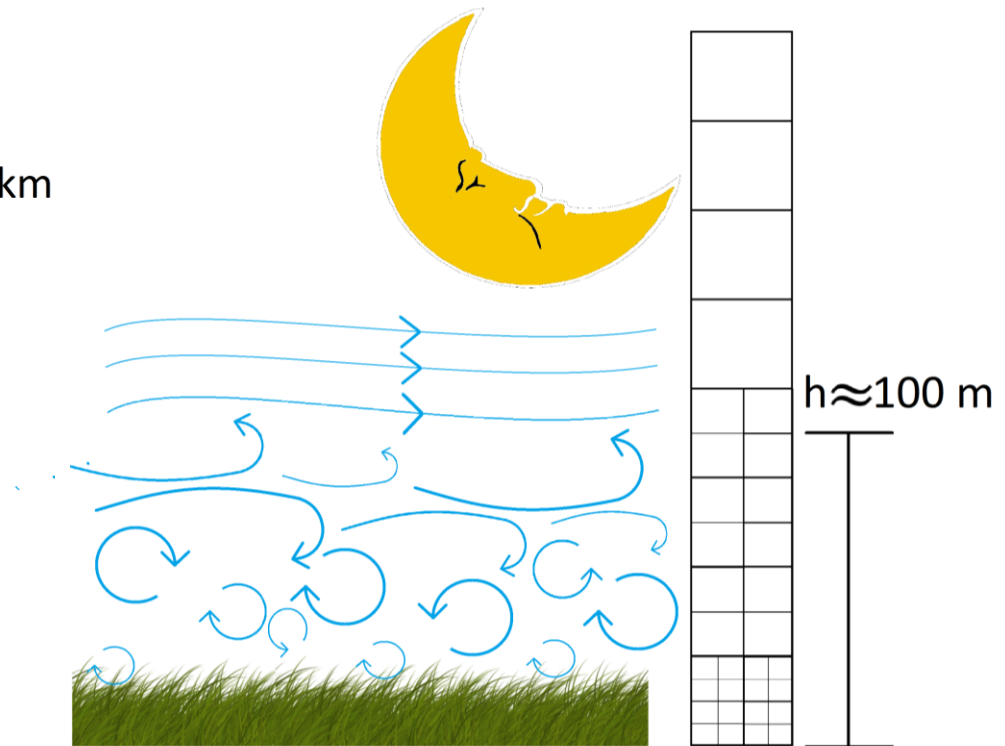


Video courtesy of Jerome Schalkwijk

Resolving the turbulent processes



Daytime boundary layer

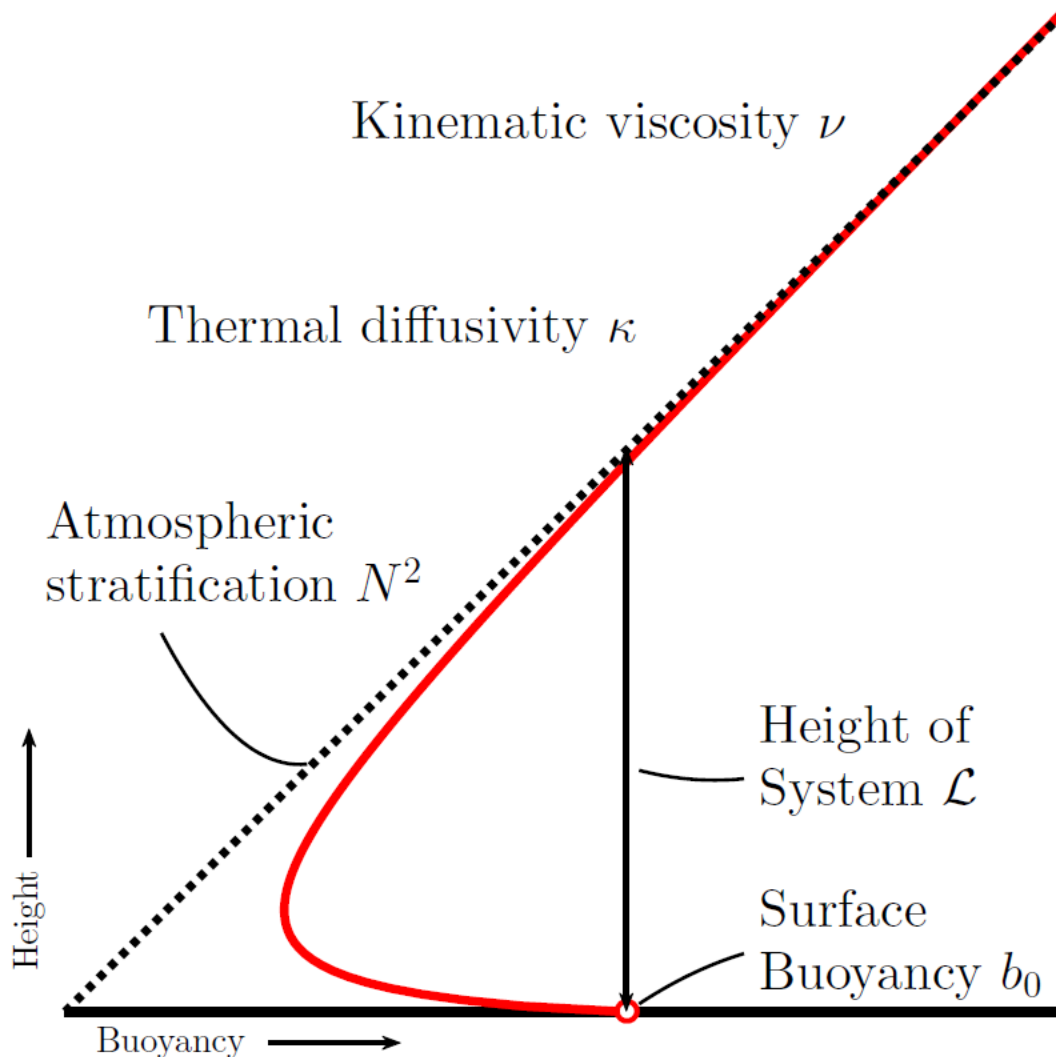


Nighttime boundary layer

Adaptive Grids to the Rescue!

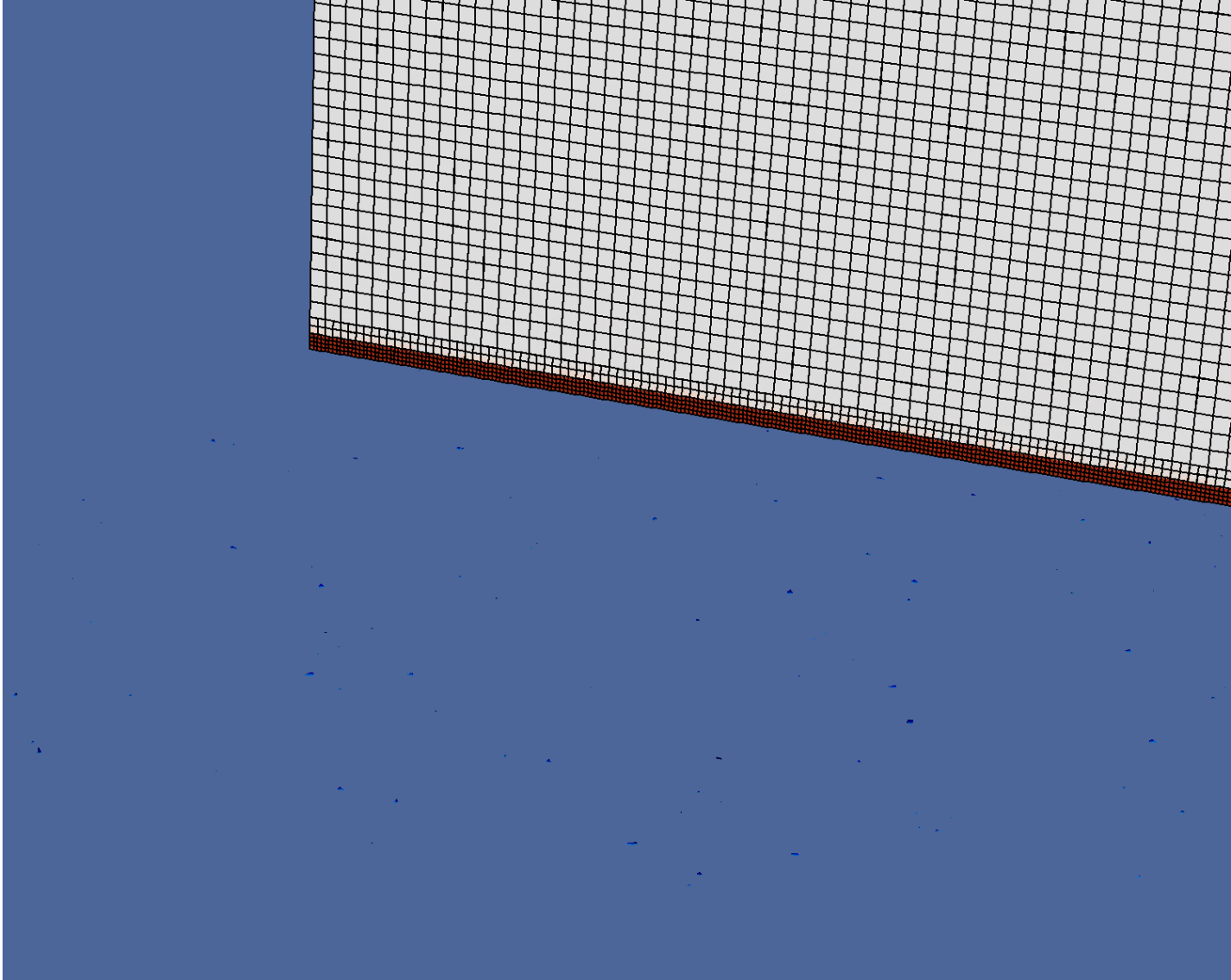
http://basilisk.fr/sandbox/Antoonvh/smokey_puff.c

Introduce the method with a test case

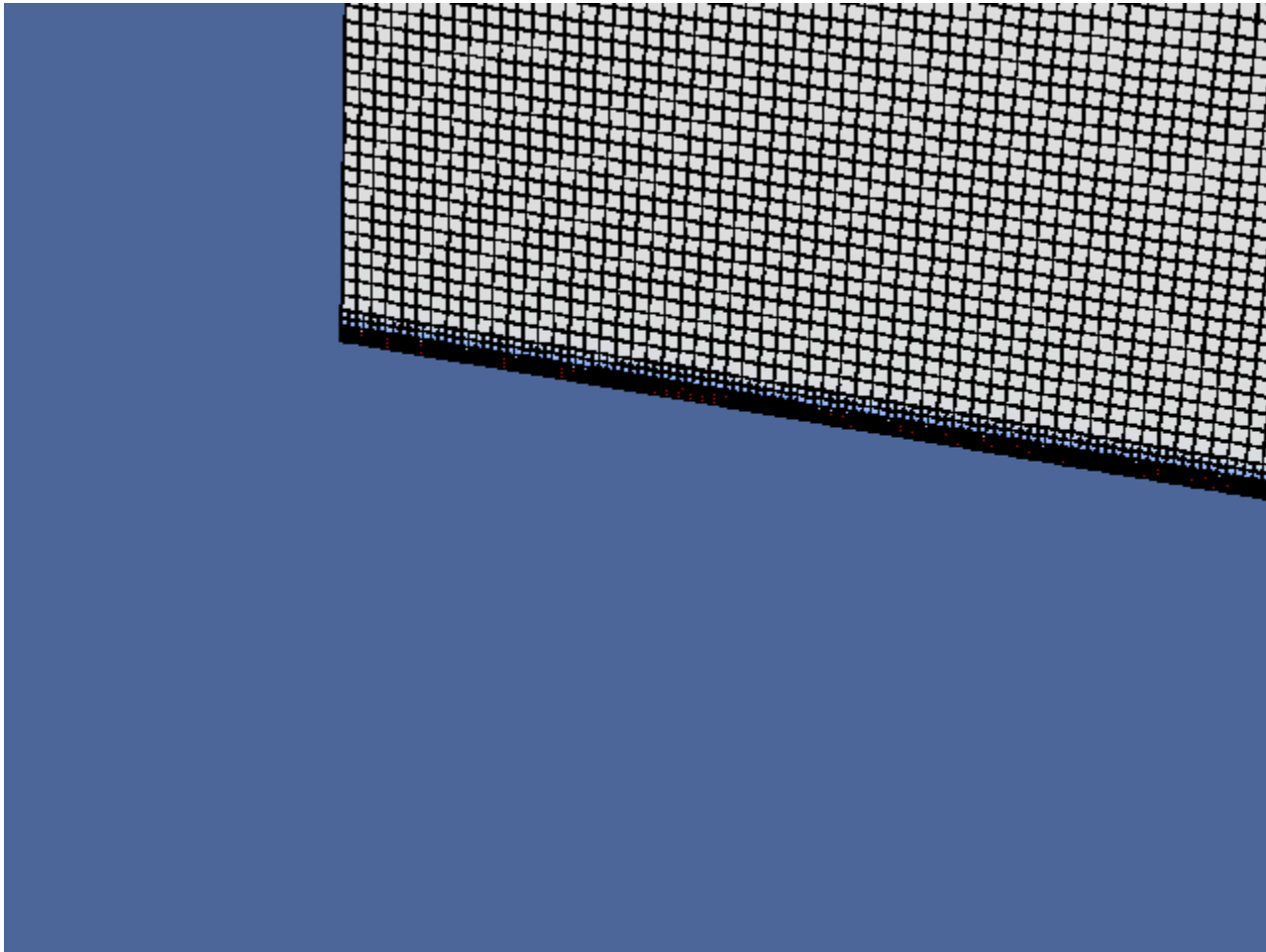


Adapted from Van Heerwaarden and Mellado, (2016), as presented in Van Hooft et al. (2017)

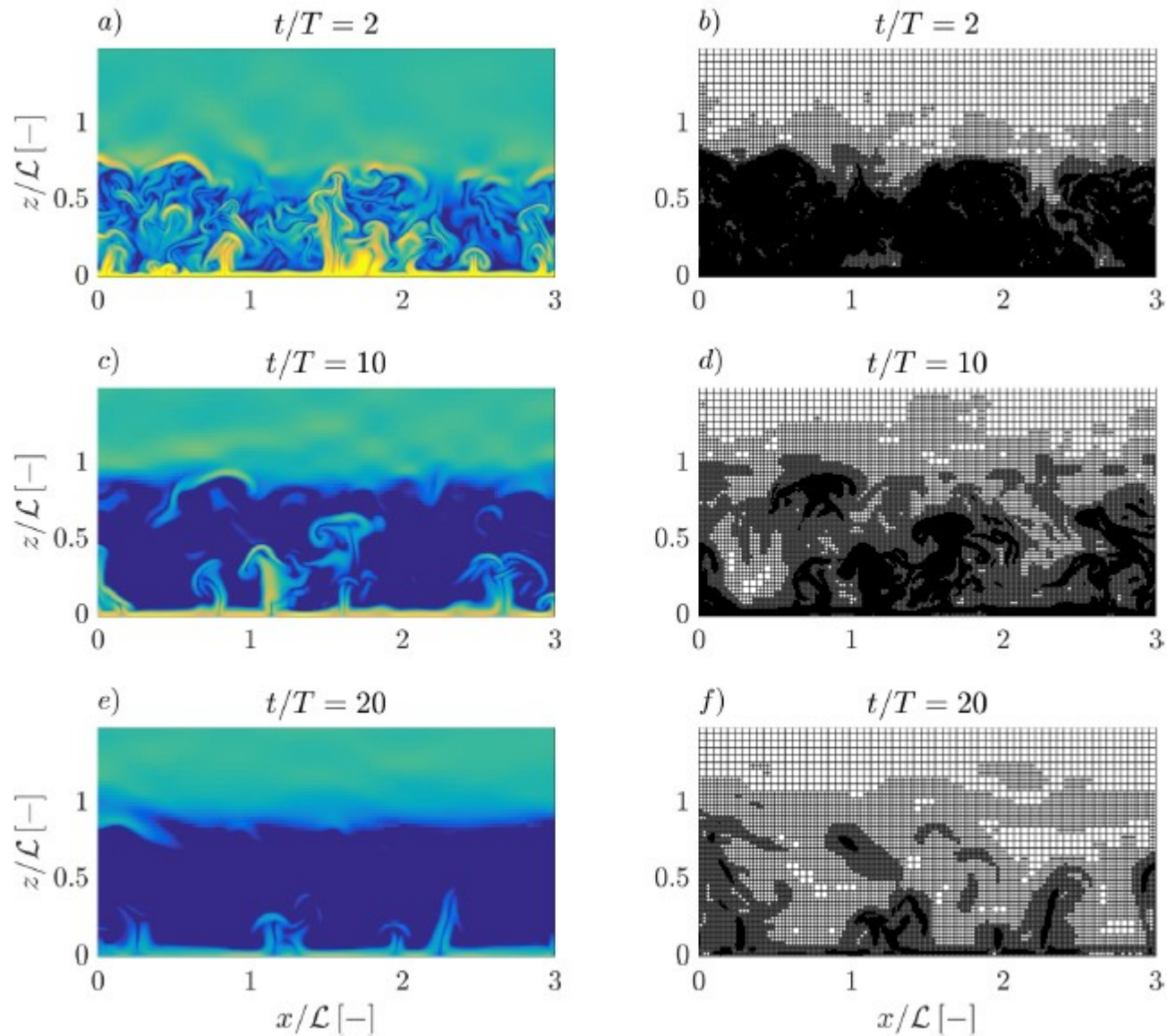
Initial convective instability



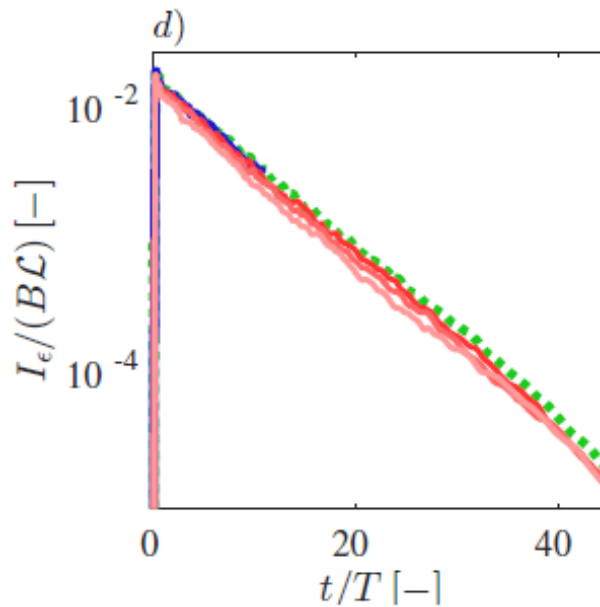
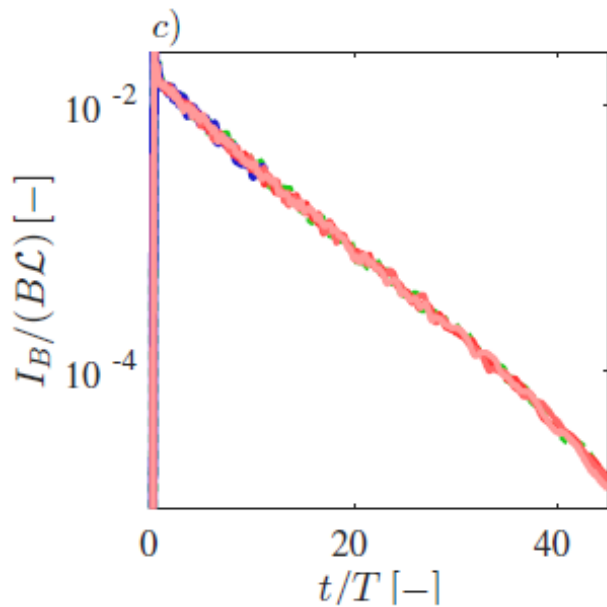
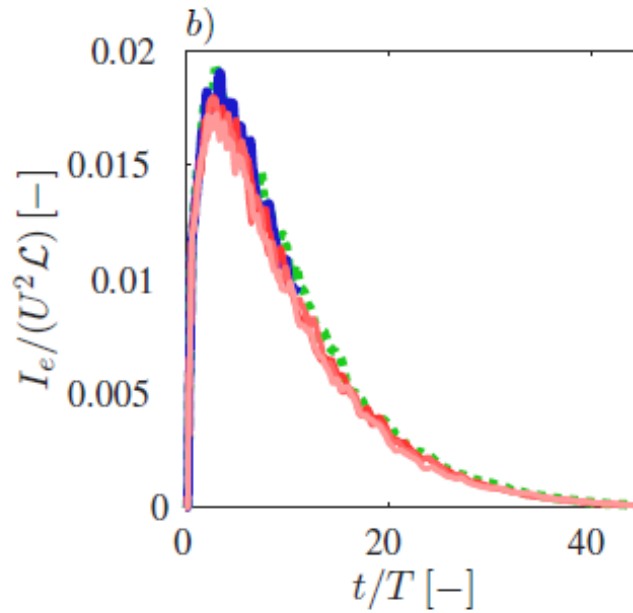
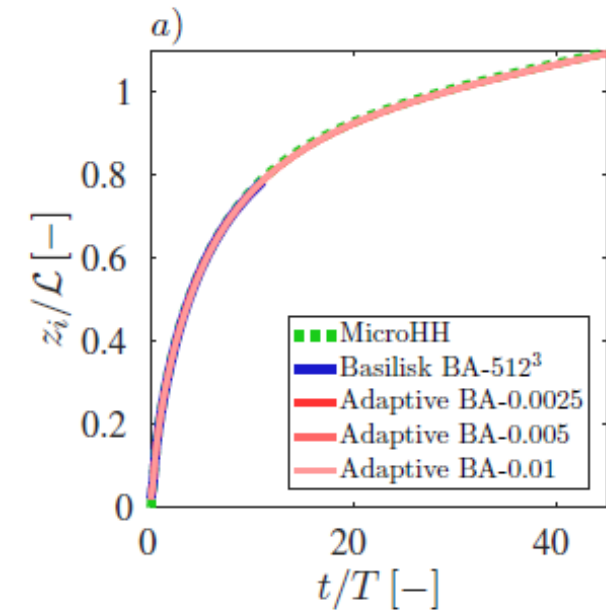
Growth of the boundary layer



Subsequent decay



Results



Interested?

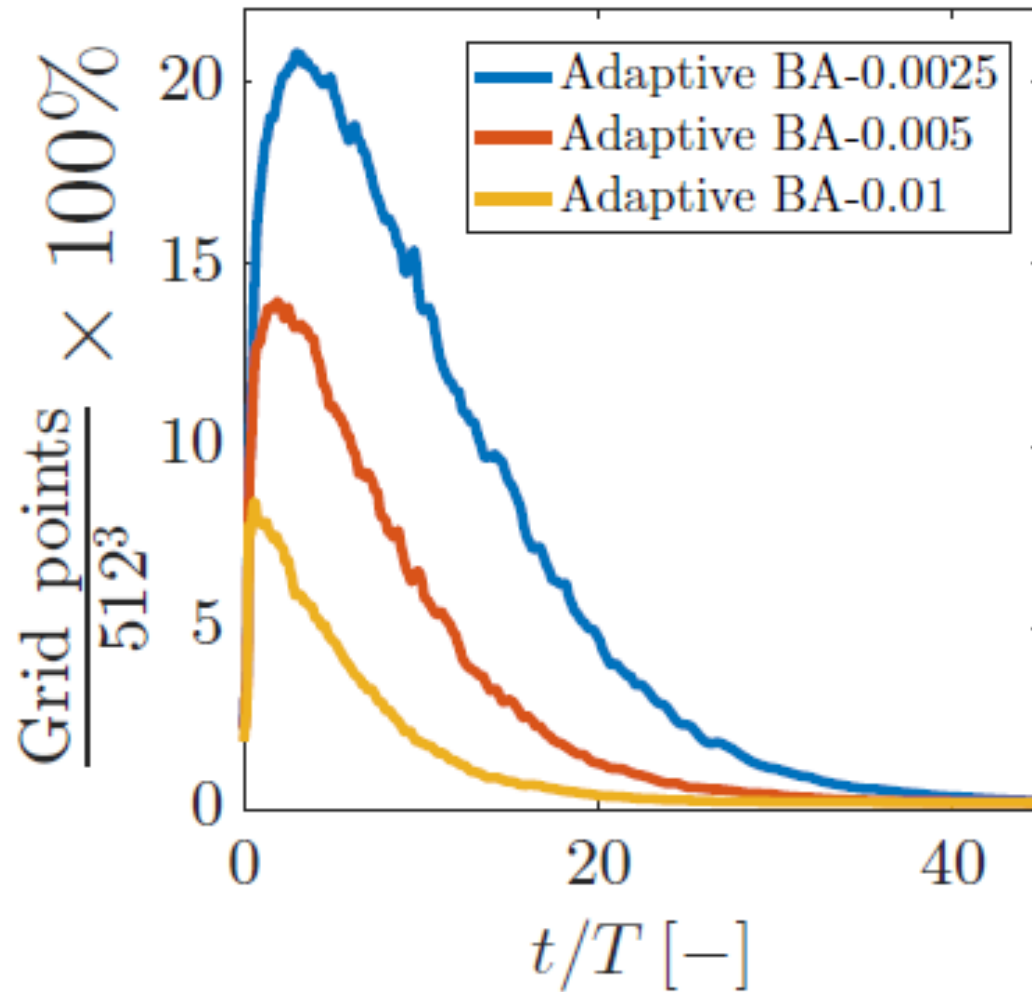
Van Hooft et al.

*Towards adaptive grids
for Atmospheric
boundary layer
simulations*

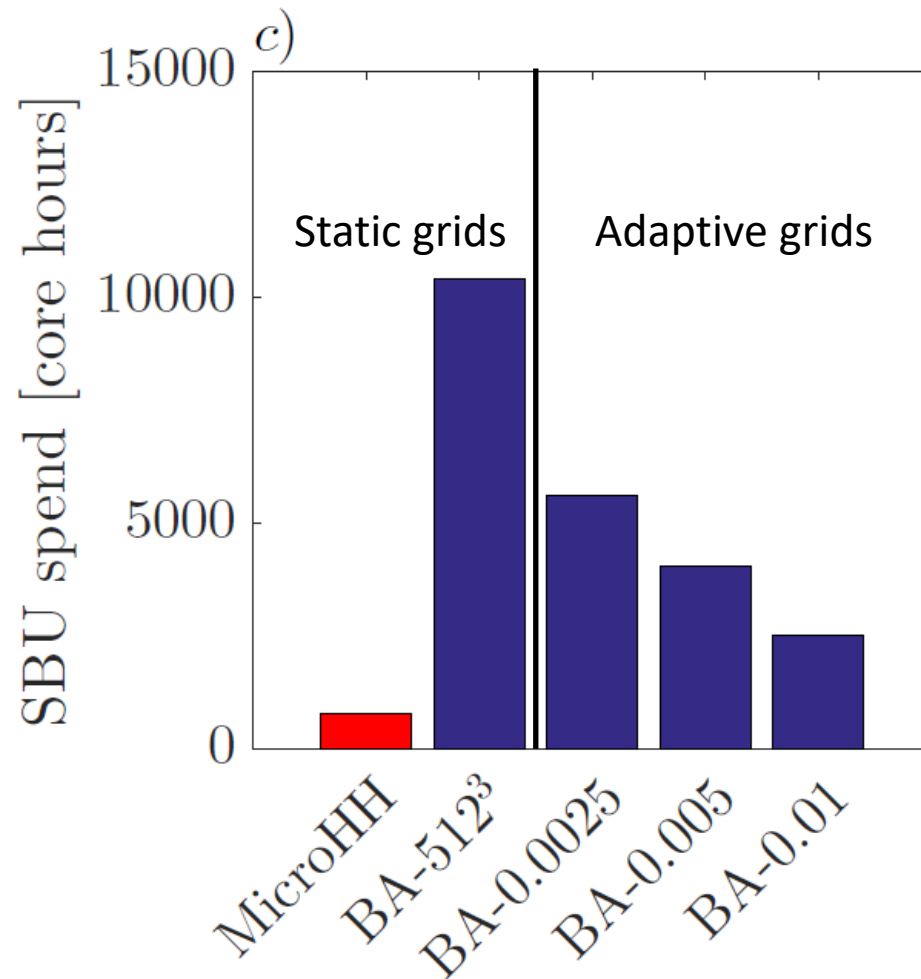
Boundary Layer
Meterology

Provisionally accepted

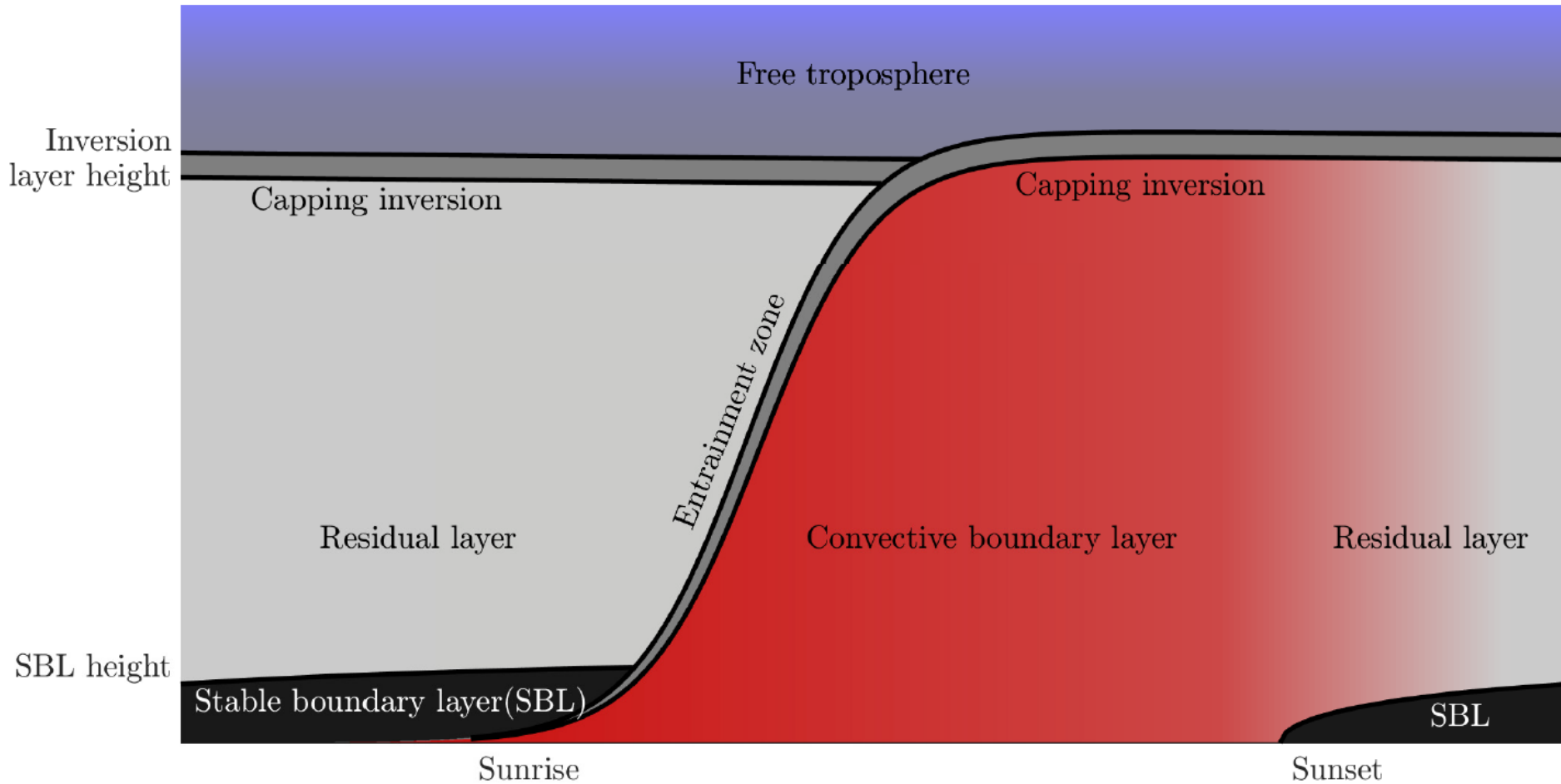
Adaptivity



Performance



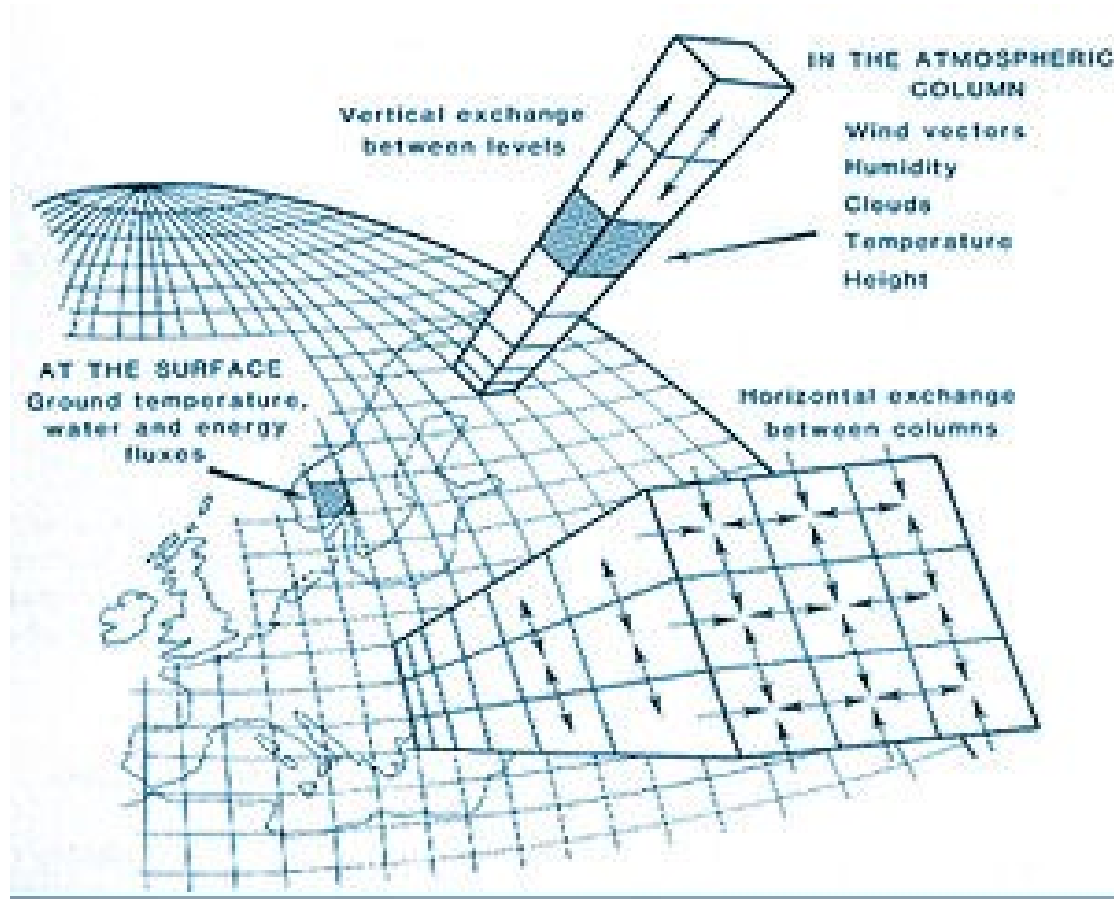
To be Continued



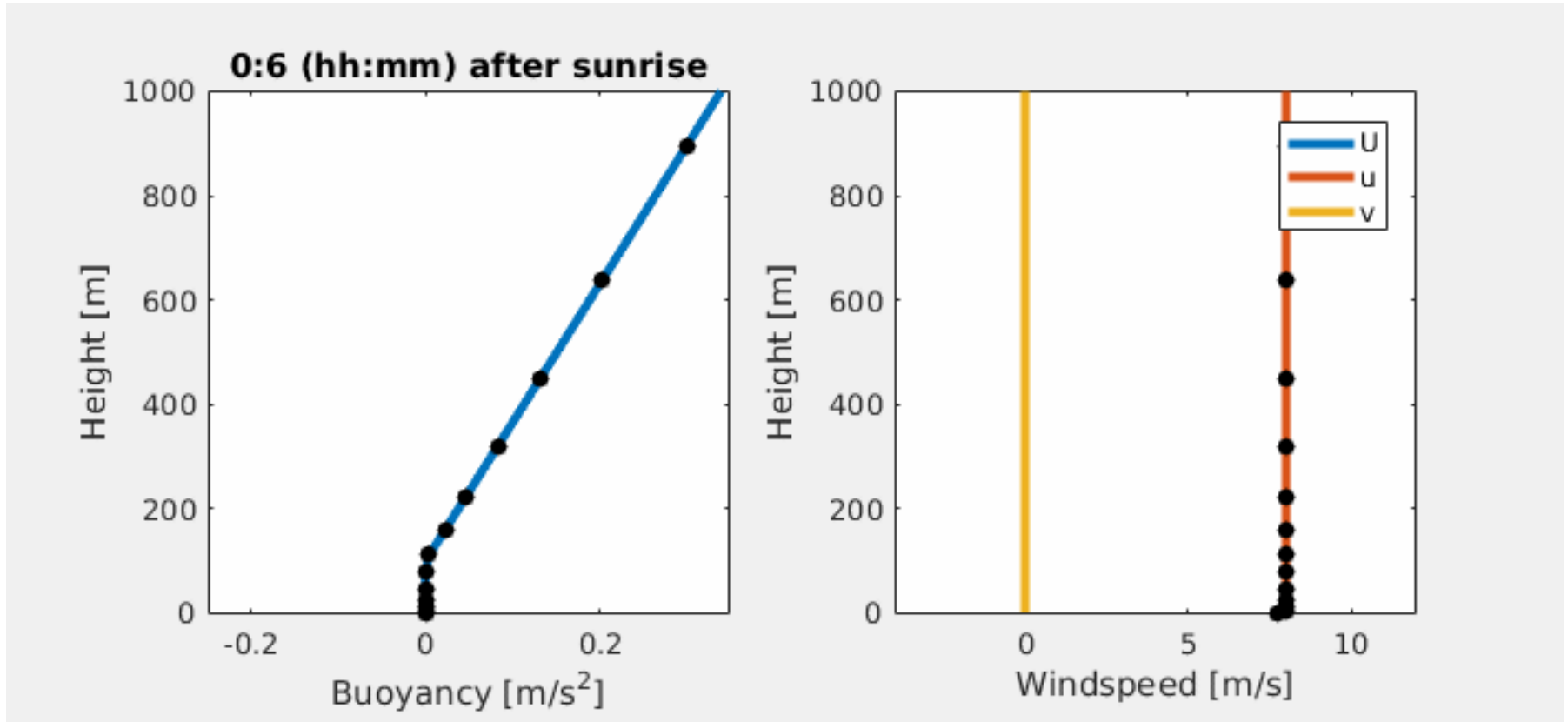
Current / future work

- Large Eddy Simulations
 - Vreman sub-grid-scale model implemented
 - Testing is in progress
- Analysis of the scale separation in the atmosphere
- Baslisk for Global Circulation Models (GCM)
 - A few slides

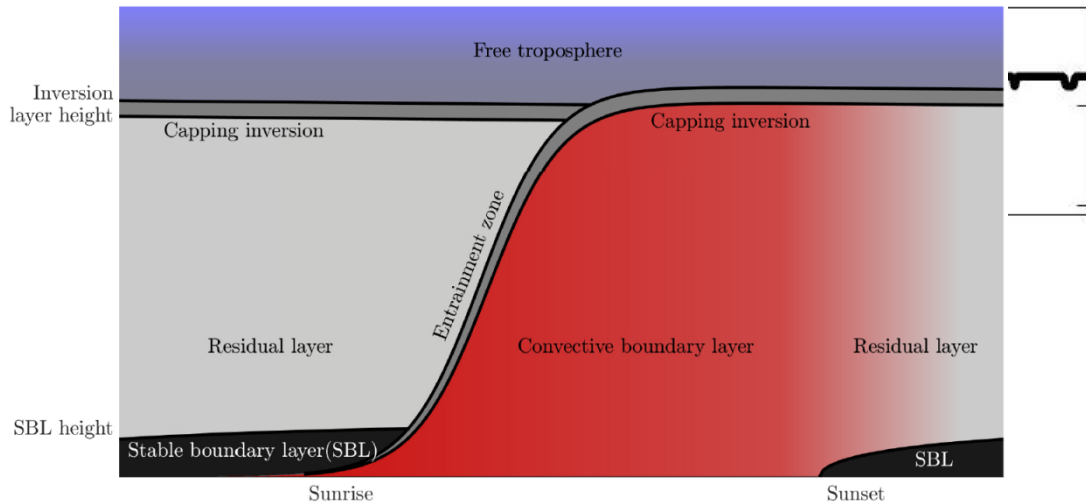
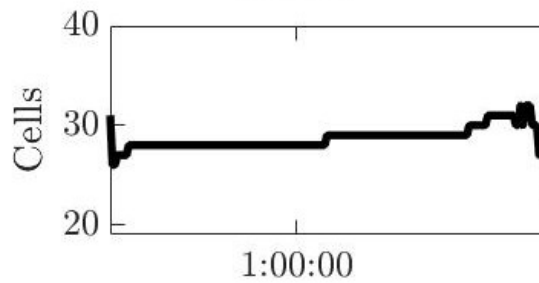
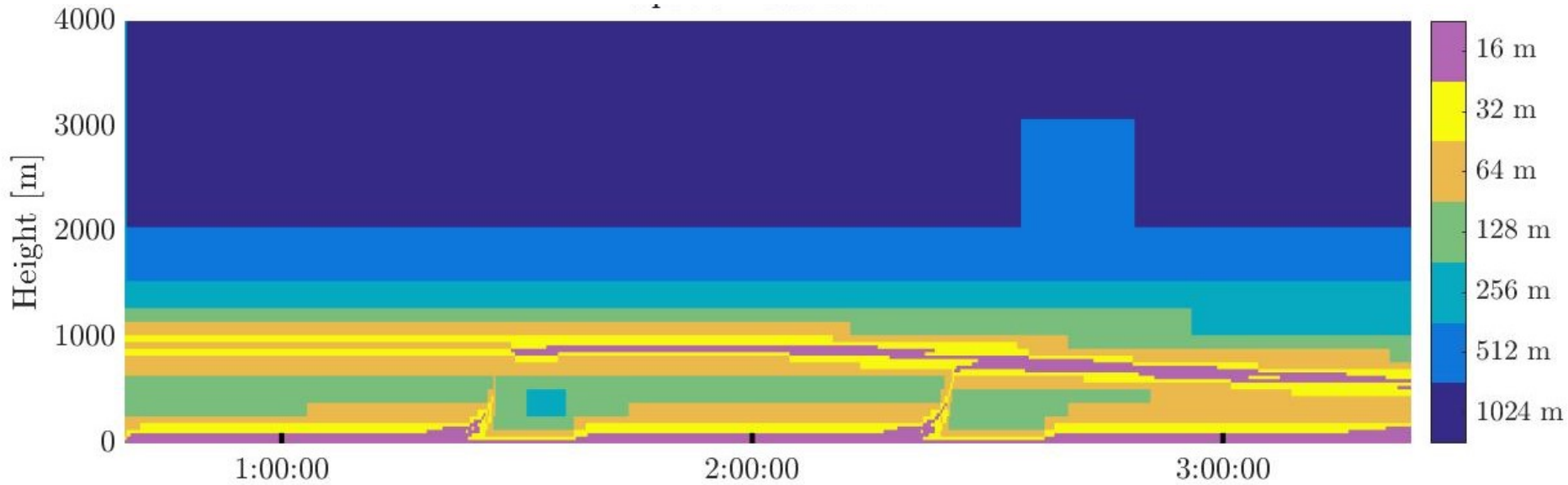
Single Column Models as building blocks for GCMs



Results



Resolution



Conclusion

The usage of adaptive grids opens new possibilities for atmospheric boundary layer research

